NUMBER 284.

ARTHUR L. THOMAS,

Governor of the Territory of Utah Favors

DISFRANCHISING THE MORMONS.

He Gets Chairman Struble to Make the Announcement for Him-Saunders' Position -The Ogden Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- [Special telegram to THE HERALD.]-In the House com mittee on territories this morning Judge Jerry Wilson made a powerful argument against the Mormon disfranchisement bill. He gave a history of the anti-Mormon legislation from 1863 to the present time, showing that the object and intent was to suppress polygamy and not to interfere with the faith or religious opinions of members of the Mormon church. He said the present measure, stripped of its serpentine verbiage, was simply a bill to disfranchise all the members of that church. Delegate Dubols admitted that such was the intention. "Then,"said Mr. Wilson, "you should amend the bill by striking all out after the enacting clause and insert " That no member of the Mormon church shall hereafter hold office or serve as a juror." He then proceeded, and for nearly an hour punctured the proposition from every possible standpoint, showing that it was contrary to the genius of our American institutions, unmecessary and unwise. The judge showed that even if a Mormon took the prescribed test oath there was no provision which gave him a right to vote. If he voted he was liable to be arrested for perjury, tried and convicted by a jury of his enemies, and he had no recourse. He suggested in the event that the committee should conclude to report the bill favorably, that a provision should be inserted that if any voter was convicted of previous here.

Socialists' cause. Mr. Shevitch's life has been an eventful the last few years by the wrongful classification of corn at Chicago and other great corn centers. There are grades, viz: No. 2, which is the best; Nos. 3 and 4 inferior and poor grade, and then no grade at all. Much of the Nebraska corn is rated as Nos. 3 and 4, and here comes the brother was governor of the province of Finland. When Shevitch embraced Sothand the last few years by the wrongful classification of corn at Chicago and other great corn centers. There are grades, viz: No. 2, which is the best; Nos. 3 and 4 inferior and poor grade, and then no grade at all. Much of the Nebraska corn is rated as Nos. 3 and 4, and here comes the brother was governor of the province of finland. When Shevitch embraced Sothand the last few years by the wrongful classification of corn at Chicago and other great corn centers. There are grades, viz: No. 2, which is the best; Nos. 3 and 4, and poor grade, and then no grade at all. Much of the Nebraska corn is rated as Nos. 3 and 4, and here comes the brother was governor of the province of finland. When Shevitch embraced Sothand the last few years by the wrongful classification of corn at Chicago and other great corn centers. There are grades, viz: No. 2, which is the best; Nos. 3 and 4, and poor grade, and then no grade at all. Much of the Nebraska corn is rated as Nos. 3 and 4, and here comes the great injustice to our farmers. It is a well known fact that nowhere in the civilized brother was convicted of previous control of the province of the province of the province of the necessary and unwise. The judge showed any voter was convicted of perjury he should have the right to appeal to the supreme court of the United States, said court to be given jurisdiction to hear and determine all such appeals.

Chairman Struble, before Judge Wilson had concluded his argument, announceed that ex-Senator Saunders, of the Utah commission, was present and he wished to give him a few minutes' time. The chairman also said: "I am requested by Governor Thomas to say in reply to Delegate Caine's remarks at the previous meeting, that while he is not here for this purpose, but in behalf of a public building bill, he is in hearty sympathy with this meas-ure and earnestly desires its passage." Commissioner Saunders then addressed

the committee. Upon being asked if he try in 1869. favored this measure, after evading the question two or three times and confessing his lack of familiarity with it, Mr. Springer usked him: "Do you endorse a measure to

work we have in view out there because we were led to believe that many of the stronger Mormons were ready to split on their party and vote at the election. We their party and vote at the election. We bill to afterwards learned [he did not state how] "as t that they all voted solid and that not one of them voted with us."

Delegate Caine interposed: "Is it then

Governor Thomas did not appear before the committee, as he had threatened to do, but had very judiciously sent his message by Chairman Struble. The committee meet again Monday to consider the bill.

Ogden's Borrowing Power

WASHINGTON, April 26.—[Special telegram to The Herald.]—President Harrison, as was foreshadowed in these dispatches, has vetoed the bill increasing the

been already telegraphed to you.

In his message the President says: "The general law fixes the limit of 4 per-cent, on the last assessment for taxation as the limit of indebtedness which a municipal corporation in the territories may assume. This bill extends the limit as to Ogden to 8 per cent. The purposes are not peculiar or exceptional. They relate to schools, street improvements, etc., and are commen. street improvements, etc., and are common to every prosperous town. If the argument by which the measure is supported is adopted the conclusion should be a repeal or modification of the general law, and in my opinion the limitation in the second or modification of the general law, and in my opinion the limitation imposed by law is wise and wholesome, and should not be relaxed. The city now has power to increase its indebtedness \$180,000, which would seem enough to make a good beginning in the construction of sewers while the cost of street improvements is usually met by direct assessments. Almost all the states have limited the power of municipal corporations to incur indebtedness and the limit is generally lower than that fixed in t is generally lower than that fixed in the territories. I do not doubt that the citizens of Ogden will ultimately realize that the creation of a municipal dept of over half a million dollars by a city of 15,000 population, being about \$37 per capita, is unwise."

Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- John C. Fremont, major-general of the United States army, retired; John B. Callin, Indian agent at Hinesville, Mt.; Henry C. Gooding, of Indiana, to be chief justice of the supreme court of Arizona.

To Relieve Myra Clark Gaines' Heirs.

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- The House committee on private land claims has authorized a favorable report on the bill for the relief of the heirs of Myra Clark Gaines.

any adverse claimants from the right to assert the validity of their claim. For all lands disposed of by the United States, or otherwise lawfully appropriated and to provide that there shall be issued certificates of location of she character prescribed in the act for the adjustment of private land claims in Florida, Louisiann and Missouri.

The Senate committee on education and labor to day received a committee of the Association of Agricultural Colleges and Experimental stations, who presented a memorial of their needs. The memorial sets forth the special and immediate needs of these colleges for more generous support and asks that at least fifteen thousand dollars a year be provided now for each stale, to be increased until a limit of not less than twenty-five thousand dollars is reached.

Senator Paddock to day presented a Senator Paddock to day presented a

reached.

Senator Paddock to-day presented a pamphlet from the legislative committee of the National grange containing their memorial in favor of legislation to prohibit the adulteration of food, gambling in farm products, formation and continuation of trusts. Also in favor of the remonetization of silver and a revision of the tariff in

EDITOR-IN-CHIEF SHEVICH.

Or the "Volks Zeitung," Will Return to Russia His Wife's Romantic History.

[Special to THE HERALD—Examiner Dispatch.] NEW YORK, April 26.-Sergius Shevitch, Socialist and editor-in-chief of the New Socialist and editor-in-chief of the New as you are chairman of the committee on York Volks Zeitung, who has been an exile agriculture in reference to a matter of in this country for the past twenty-two vital interest to the farmers of the west. years, having been banished from Russia in addition to the oppressive rates of owing to his political opposition to the transportation to which they are subject in Czar, has been forgiven by the latter and sending their grain to market, there is will return to his native land. His large ancestral estates which were confiscated at the time of his banishment will be res-tored to him and he will again assume the

WASHINGTON, April 26.-The Senate bill

bill to amend the interstate commerce act "as to the made of proceedure." Adjourned.

because they would not vote with you that you are anxious to have them all disfran
sissippl, rising to a question of personal privilege, replied to the strictures in the with their men. The rules they agreed to At this point Chairman Struble bad the convention on the recent speech in which committee adjourned, it being very evident he reflected on the integrity of Senator each division, and must be taken upgas that Senator Saunders was not affording Quay. He said it never had been his pur- such." much aid to the cause of disfranchisement. pose to begin an attack on Senator Quay,

patches, has vetoed the bill increasing the borrowing power of the city of Ogden. His views were substantially the same as has been already telegraphed to you.

In his message the President says: "The general law fixes the limit of 4 per cent. on the last assessment for taxation as the limit of indebtedness which a municipal corporation in the territories may assume. This bill in speaking of a verbal amendment Enioe, of Tennessee, criticised the appointment of the postmaster in his town, and quoted from a letter by his colleague, Evans, to the postmaster-general declaring the people of that town were guilty of ballot box stuffing and that he (Enloe) and his people cught to be disciplined. This precipitated a wordy debate, which lasted some time. Sayers, of Texas, raised the point of order against the clause providing for the appointment by the secretary of the interior of nine members of the board of pen-

point was sustained.

An amendment was adopted requiring the heads of departments to report to Congress the number of persons in their department

nefficient. The committee then rose and reported

Condition of ex-Representative Page.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The condition of ex-Representative Horace F. Page, of Califoruia, who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is practically unchanged this morning. Page has suffered from asthma for some years, and recently heart trouble set in, which completely prostrated him. Dr. Sowers, the attending physician, said this morning that Page might live some weeks or some months, but his sudden death at any moment might be expected.

Chicago Carpenters' Strike.

Омана, Neb., April 26.—[Special telegram to THE HERALD.]-The following letter tion of silver and a revision of the tariff in fication of corn in Chicago, was given to the interest of agriculture.

Hon. A. S. Paddock, United States Senator, Washington, D. C. DEAR SIR:-I address you more especially another equally grievious wrong which which one and that of his wife, who first married apprince, is full of romances. He was educated he called a Stuttgart and Guttenburg and the reverse of the province of the control of th they are compelled to endure. There is no question in my mind but that the farmers preamble of the constitution is to "estab

usiranchise every member of the Mormon church "He answered that in his opinion this would not do so.

Delegate Caine then nalled the question down: "Do you give your official endorses ment to a measure to disfranchise me and every other member of the Mormon church merely for our belief?"

Saunders answered "No." Then after a few moments of hesitation he said: "I am opposed to polygamy; and if this would abolish it id on to kinow but I would favor it." He said further: "I felt very hopeful at one time that further legislation would not be necessary to accomplish the work we have in view out there because we were led to believe that many of the sale of a portion of their reservation and proposed of polygamy; and if this would abolish it I do not kinow but I would favor it." He said further: "I felt very hopeful at one time that further legislation would not be necessary to accomplish the work we have in view out there because we were led to believe that many of the sale of a portion of their reservation. He allowed the fire reservation and proposed to polygamy; and if this would abolish it I do not kinow but I would favor it." He said further: "I felt very hopeful at one time that further legislation would not be necessary to accomplish the solution of the battle sword of the late Captain should not be necessary to accomplish the solution of the battle sword of the late Captain should not be necessary to accomplish the solution and providing for the presentation. The would not be necessary to accomplish the solution and providing for the presentation of the battle sword of the late Captain should not be necessary to accomplish the solution and providing for the presentation of the battle sword of the late Captain should not be necessary to accomplish the solution and providing for the presentation of the said the first will be promoted by the family physician, Dr. Smith, of the delegation to this subject. Very the first provided the function of the said the first will be promoted by the family physician, Dr. Smit lish justice" and "promote the gen-eral welfare." Justice and the gen-

ing. "The conductors are to put their pro-

ons appeals at \$2,000 per year. Each Ghee, George W. Bader and J. L. Brush as trustees of the American Cattle trust have asked for an injunction to issue re straining R. G. Head, I. H. Lawrence and A. H. Warren, members of the Phoenix The committee then rose and reported the bill to the House. On order of the previous question, no quorum voted and a call of the House was ordered. Only 101 members responded. After five hours were consumed in the roll calls, further proceeding under call was dispensed with and the question recurred on ordering the previous question. The vote stood 136 to 10 and Bynum raised the point no quorum. The speaker pro tem. counted the House and announced 167 members present, more than a quorum. Bynum demanded tellers and the yeas and nays were ordered. The vote resulted, yeas, 141; nays 20, the speaker counting several Democrats to make a quorum and the previous question was declared ordered. The House at 11 o'clock adjourned.

A. H. Warren, members of the Phoenix Farm and Ranch company, from holding an election of the said Phoenix Farm and Ranch company on April 28. The plaintiffs further ask that the defendents be required to properly record on the books of the company to the credit of the plaintiffs amounting to \$159,000, which the plaintiffs aver rightfully belongs to them by virtue of purchase. The plaintiffs claim that while they own 1,560 of the 1,600 shares of the Phoenix Farm and Ranch company, from holding an election of the said Phoenix Farm and Ranch company on April 28. The plaintiffs further ask that the defendents be required to properly record on the books of the company to the credit of the plaintiffs amounting to \$159,000, which the plaintiffs aver rightfully belongs to them by virtue of purchase. The plaintiffs claim that while they own 1,560 of the 1,600 shares of the Phoenix Farm and Ranch company, from holding an election of the said Phoenix Farm and Ranch company on April 28. The plaintiffs further ask that the defendents be required to properly record on the books of the company to the credit of the plaintiffs amounting to \$159,000, which the plaintiffs are rightfully belongs to them by virtue of purchase. The plaintiffs further ask that the defendents be required to properly record on the book further ask that the defendents be required arrived. amounting to \$159,000, which the plaintiffs ad int aver rightfully belongs to them by virtue

The weekly bank clearings are \$4,529,255, a gain of 40.5 per cent.

Realty transfers for the past six days were \$839,527. This is about 40 per cent. less than the previous week. The decline is charged to climate, mud and heavy rains.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The settlement of the carpenters' strike is still a problem of the future. The Builders' exchange tothe future. The Builders' exchange tois the proposition to keep bullion in the relief of the heirs of Myra Clark Gaines. The bill recites that Myra Clark Gaines, as legal representative of Daniel Clark, deceased, of Louisiana, was entitled by reason of Spanish grants to 88,457 acres of land, and provides for the issue of patents to these heirs for all these lands which the commissioners of the general land office shall find vacant, appropriated and undisposed of by the United States, which patent shall be operated only on a relinquishment of title on the part of the United States, which patent shall not impair or preclude.

Instruct Page might two some months, but his sudden deesth at any moment might be expected.

A Cloudburst at English, Ind.

Engl

TO MAKE CORN KING.

| Company of the public to-night the builders and master carpenters say that while not abridging the right of any member to make any agreement the pleases, they will not associate nor be a party to any agreement that will deprive any employer or employee from the right to earn his bread whether or not he belongs to their winn or ones. union or ours.

The gas fitters went on a strike to-day as

The gas fitters went on a strike to-day as had been threatened.

President O'Connell of the carpenters' council declined to say whether the strike would now be declared off as to the New Bosses' association. Further than that the subject would be considered at a meeting be held Monday. Full authority to make a binding agreement with the journeymen was given to-night by the New Bosses association to their arbitration committee.

Mayor Grant Makes a Denial. NEW YORK, April 26 .- Mayor Grant tonight made a general denial of the charges from Governor J. M. Thayer, of Nebraska, to A. S. Paddock, touching upon the classification of corn in Chicago, was given to the press for publication to day. As it largely affects the interests of the west it will be especially interesting at this time when corn is such a drug on the market:

Lincoln, Neb., April 19, 1890.

Hon, A. S. Paddock, United States Senanade against him by McCann before the husband are pleasant.

A COMEDY OF ERRORS.

The St. Louis Republic Tells How it was Deceived by the Sun's Lie.

Special to THE HERALD-Examiner Dispatch. New York, April 26.-The Sun in justification of its original Washington dispatch describing with minuteness the system of ganting erroneously said to be practiced by

produced here by the dispatch from Les Angeles stating that Tom Hooper was probably the man who killed John M. Clay-ton. The widow of Hooper lives in Mor-

the sole subject of talk in railway circler.
"I have made no agreement for my division with the conductors over anything," said General Manager

The light properties in the cause of the Union Parising this many been in vain, as sacrifices in the cause of the Union Parising this many been in vain, as sacrifices in the cause of the Union Parising this many been in vain, as sacrifices in the cause of the Union Parising this many been in vain, as sacrifices in the cause of the Union Parising the pa been in vain, as sacrifices in the cause of constitutional liberty. It is said that the Czar, driven to desperation by the daily discovery of new plots against his life, in fifths are Republicans. New York city and its environments are of the nobility and city and its environments are cated, and yielding to the weeping enterest cated, and yielding to the weeping enterest the Democratic version of things, and the Scardner, of Nashville, for \$2,200. Imported English Lassic b. the property of position in writing and send it in by one of Czar, driven to desperation by the daily their number before Monday. Of course discovery of new plots against his life, in I cannot say what it will contain. The In the House.

Washington, April 26.—Allen, of Mississippl, rising to a question of personal mountain and Pacific, have reached terms white and relatives, has at last demonstration of the mountain and Pacific, have reached terms white and relatives, has at last demonstration of the mountain and Pacific, have reached terms

Senate Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- A caucus of the Senate Republicans was held this morning to consider the silver situation. The committee met the committee of the House

of purchase. The plaintiffs claim that while they own 1,500 of the 1,000 shares of the Phoenix Farm and Ranch company, the books show that the defendants together own 801 shares, and that the defendants together propose to hold an election and elect themselves officers of the company.

The weekly bank clearings are \$4,529,255, and that the defendants of the company.

After adjournment was announced the whole subject was again referred to the force in the caucus committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the company that while the differences between the silver men and the advocates of the bill agreed upon by the committee of the House and Scarles their fawing the caucus committee, who would endeavor to force instruct United States Marshal Wocks, as soon as he has qualified, to proceed at upon by the committee of the House and soon as he has qualified, to proceed at upon by the committee of the House and server men and the advocates of the bill agreed upon by the committee, who would endeavor to force instruct United States Marshal Wocks, as soon as he has qualified, to proceed at upon by the committee of the House and server men and the advocates of the bill agreed upon by the committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the force instruct United States Marshal Wocks, as soon as he has qualified, to proceed at upon by the committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the force instruct United States Marshal Wocks, as soon as he has qualified, to proceed at upon by the committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the data of the caucus committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the data of the caucus committee, who would endeavor to frame a bill acceptable to all. It is reported to the caucus committee, who would endeavor to force instruct United States Marshal Weeks, as soon as he has qualified to proceed at upon by the c purpose was shown to harmonize, and if possible, to come to an agreement. The silver men desire a provision in the bill reported by the caucus committee which gives the secretary of the treasury discretion to redeem in bullion the treasury notes issued in payment for the bullion, stricken out. They do not wish to give the secretary power under any condition to pay out bullion after it has once been deposited in the treasury. This view was supported by Evarts. The silver men also desire to have the notes provided for in the bill made full legal tender, but this was not insisted upon with the same intensity and carnestness as is the proposition to keep bullion in the

Billy Murphy's Offer.

New York, April 26.—Billy Murphy, the Australian featherweight champion of the world, will fight any man in England, 120 pounds, for £500 for the Police Gazette championship belt and the championship belt and the championship belt and the championship and the purse to be guaranteed of Congress the appointment of a special tribunal to settle land grant titles in that

Barratt's Removal.

REPUBLICAN CLUB CELEBRATION.

Clarkson Responds to the Toast, "The Republican Press"-The Free Trade Propaganda-Enforcing Federal Laws

Washington, April 26 .- [Special telegram to THE HERALD.]-The following correspondence explains itself:

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24, 1890. onorabie John Wanamaker, Postmaster Gen eral, Washington, D. C.

DEAR SIR-A statement has been made in the public press that an inspector of your department has reported that the postoffice at Salt Lake city has been loosely conducted "under Mr. C. R. Barratt, the postmaster incumbent, and that a change of postmasters had been recom-mended on that ground." Such reports are very distasteful to Mr. Barratt and his friends. While Mr. Barratt does not wish to retain the office, he naturally objects to going out under a cloud.

"Any information you may be pleased to give me which will place the matter in its true light, will be highly appreciated. Very

Washington, April 26.—Allen, of Missisph, rising to a question of personal privilege, replied to the strictures in the present privilege, replied to the strictures in the present privilege, replied to the strictures in the present provided the reflected on the integrity of Senator Quay, the said in were had been his purpose to begin an attack on Senator Quay, and the had done so in the heat of decoated the present provided the present present

correspondence was made public to-day: EXECUTIVE MANSION, April 26, 1890.

To the Attorney-General: Sin-I have had frequent occasion durthe counties of Leon, Gadsden, Madison and Jefferson, in the state of Florida, to the execution of process of the courts of the United States. It is not necessary to say more of the state of the courts of the courts of the courts of the courts of the United States. It is not necessary to say more of the state of the courts mittee met the committee of the House Republicans and agreed to a form of silver bill. The reported results of the discussion which ensued were not completed when the hour for convening the Senate arrived. It is said that a great variety of views were expressed by the Senators, but the friends of the measure agreed upon by the two committees are confident it will be adopted by the caucus.

After adjournment was announced the whole subject was again referred to the not suffered to exercise their lawfn functions. This condition of things cur no longer be tolerated. You will there fore instruct United States Marshal Weeks

Very respectsully, BENJAMIN HARRISON.

territory. It also urges the immediate admission of New Mexico as a state.

The Irish Railroad Strikers. DUBLIN, April 26 .- Davitt's efforts have failed to remove the deadlock between the

railroad men and their employers. Freight traffic has been stopped and passenger and mail trains are giving erratic service. The signal men who struck will be prosecuted for endangering the public safety. People are irritated by the less of trade and the diversion of American mails to Southamp-ton, and no symputhy is felt for the strik-ers.

No Ministerial Crisis in Brazil. RIO DE JANEIRO, via Galveston, April 26.

The report of a ministerial crisis is faise. According to the newspapers of Montevideo Ministers Coyncura and Ruy Barboza still retain their portfolios.

Chicago Pork Packers.

CHICAGO, April 26.—It is now stated that here will be no strike of the packing house employees at the stock yards, as was at one time feared. The strike would have in-volved 15,000 men. There was a strong sen-timent in favor of it, but the older heads, who passed through the disastrous strike of 1886, counseled against it as hopeless and their counsel prayabled. their counsel prevailed.

KEMMLER'S EXECUTION.

A Minute Description of the Electrical Appliances and the Method of Working them.

fore his life will be given up to demon-strate to cold-hearted science that death by electricity is painless, and to satisfy the ends of justice. Kemmier shows no sign of weakening, but longs for the hour of death to come. He declares that the Lord has fully forgiven him, so he whistles and sings throughout the day.

Your correspondent was conducted yes terday afternoon by Warden Durston to the room where the execution is to be held. The room is situated in the basement of the prison near the front of the resign near the front of the resign near the front of the prison near the front of the resign.

as to say that it was because the office has been for over four years and a quarter of the many the properties of the control of the properties of the control of the many that the control of the same that the protection of peaceable the two which you refer reflecting upon the character of Mr. Barratt, Very respective the protection of the state that the character of Mr. Barratt, Very respective the protection of the state that the control of the room, between the two windows. Jones Wanamara, Postmaster, General Ling.

Republican Club Celebration.

Priffshum, April 35.—The fourth annual four for the Republican club in commemoration of the sixty-eighth birthday of the control of the state of the Republican club in commemoration of the sixty-eighth birthday of the control of the state of the Republican club. The remedy, he said, when closed, will break the first circuit and complete the circuit and complete the

NASHVILLE, April 26 .- The sale of Jeb. saw, Cliff Lawn, Richland and Peytonia yearlings occurred to-day at the horse ex-S. Gardner, of Nashville, for \$2,200. Imported English Lassie, b. f., the property of General John F. Wheless, of Nashville, was sold to William Easton, of New York, for \$3,500. Property of C. E. Winchell, of California, Señor, b. c. by Bersaw, dam Sister, by imported Australia, Harian Bros., Celumbia, \$1,100.

NATIONAL-BOSTON. Boston 1-Nichols, Ganzell. New York 3-Russie, Buckley. CHICAGO, April 26.—The league and broherhood games at Brooklyn and Pittsburg and the league at Cleveland, and the britherhood at Buffalo, were postponed of account of rain.

PLAYERS-BOSTON. Boston, 14-Kilroy, Kelley. New York 10-Crane, Vaughn.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION. CHICAGO, April 26.—All American asso-dations and all National and Players' cague games except those at Boston were

postponed on account of rain. Linden Park Races.

LINDEN PARK, N J., April 26.-Five and a half furlongs-Blue Rock won, Sam Morse second, Salvini third. Time-1:11, they ought to overturn and renovate Five furlongs-Early Blossom Gray Rock second, Maggie Hunt colt third. line—1:05%.

Mile and one furlong—Erie won, Sorento second, George Oyster third. Time—

NASHVILLE, April 26.-Two thousand

people assembled at West Side park to witness the opening spring race meeting. The weather was cold and rainy, and the track

Three-year-old and upwards, six furlongs-Worth won, Creele second, Joe
Courtney third. Time-1:195.

Two-year-old colts, five furlongs-Bob
H. won, Black-Knight second, Average
third. Time-1:08.

Two year-old fillies, four furlongsAunie Brown won, Teo Sweet second,
Kattina Vicuna third. Time-5:

Sweenstakes. Shood. three-year-olds
Sweenstakes. Shood. A Fact Worth Knowing.

A stigmatism, which is the inability to see Kattina Vicuna third. Time—54.
Sweepstakes, \$2,000, three-year-olds, mile and an eighth—Robespierre won, Prince Fonso second, Blarney Stone third.

THE FIRST OF MAY.

railroad men and their employers. Freight Emperor William Takes Matters Very Coolly.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VON CAPRIVL

Troops Will be Kept in Their Barracks -Constitutional Government in Russia May be Established.

Special to THE HERALD-Examiner Dispatch. BERLIN, April M .- [By cable to the N. Y. Herald.]-It will interest the Herald's readers to know that the Kaiser, while he disapproves of the manifestation on May day, is inclined to take matters very coolly and does not think it advisable to interfere in any way. He thinks it wise to let the demonstration take place and let the out-come be a guide to action in the future. No special measures will be taken to preserve order, nor will troops be confined to their barracks. In this city, however, where 20,000 men can be brought together

by the beat of a drum at any time in an hour extraordinary measures are scarcely Special to The Herald-Examiner Dispatch.]

AUGURY, N. Y., April 26.—The hour for the expation of the brutal murder of Tillie Ziegle is fast approaching. William Kemmler has three days more to live before his life will be given up to demonstrate to cold-hearted science that death by electricity is painless, and to satisfy the ends of justice. Kemmler shows no sign of weakening, but longs for the hour of death to come. He declares that the Lord has fully forgiven him, so he whisties and sings throughout the day.

I am also, however, in favor of allowing every employer to choose his own under the circumstances, even if he goes to the length of saying Take part in the demonstration, if you please, but if you do, you are discharged. Men in active service in the army will on no account be allowed to take part in the demonstration. If scenes of violence occur the authorities

service in the army will on no account be allowed to take part in the demonstration. If scenes of violence occur the authorities will interfere with all the force at their disposal for the protection of peaceable citizens."

Your correspondent called on a Socialist editor here, who shall, for obvious reasons, be nameless. He said that in Berlin, at any rate, the demonstration would not take the character of a procession, that means of expressing opinion being abhorent to German, especially the Prussian mind. What was aimed at was to show the bourgeoisie that the Socialists were in carness to make a demonstration in favor of eight hours for a day's work so imposing as to force the reichstag to consider an eighthour law. "Do not expect any conflict with the authorities. There will be practically a two day's holiday. The day of atonement, April 30, is a legal, religious holiday in Prussia and the night is Wallurgismacht. The 1st day of May was a great national heathen boilday of the ancient Germans, and it is ac urlous coincidence that now the pioneers of good and evil are opposed to each other at this peroid

influence men against a suspension of work. Bebel, Liebkenoht and it is said Singer, through the central committee of the party, are actively operating to pre-vent demonstrations. Nothing like a unanimous demonstration throughout Germany is now possible. Large numbers of workingmen are found everywhere who differ with those desiring to make a demonstration. The tendency among the workingmen in Berlin is to work half a day May 1. The Socialists of Hamburg Altera Lines of Paragraphy. burg, Altons, Liepsiz, and Frankfort per-sist in organizing demonstrations. As the police of Hamburg have prohibited a public meeting of the trades they have arranged for excursions and rural sports where free vent will be given to their ideas regarding the eight hours as a work day, the labor agitation, apart from May day, has become more and more threatening. Papers opposed to the social reforms of the Emperor point to the growth of excitement among the workingmen Emperor point to the growth of excitement among the workingmen since the publication the imperial rescripts. At the moment for the Emporer's journey to Beman approaches, the employees on the railway on which he was to travel struck for higher wages. Men from other lines had to work the trains. The strikes that had taken place here this week include the shoemakers, stonelayers, coopers, screwmakers, furniture polishers, trainmen and bexmakers, tinsmiths, locksmiths, printers, machinists, coppersmiths and a number of minor trades. Remorts from Frankfort machinists, coppersmiths and a number of minor trades. Reports from Frankfort, Bresian, Elcerfeld and Hamburg, show that the strike mania is universal. An omnious feature of the shoemakers' strike

here has been the issue of a violent manifests, in which the existing social order is denounced, the Emperor's rescripts are attacked as useless and workmen praised as the dominant force. The manifests says ciety.

The evangelical congress meets here
May 28 to discuss strikes, the protection of
workmen, and the position of Christian
Socialists toward the Democratic host.

Queen Victoria Dines.

DARMSTADT, April 26.-Queen Victoria dined with the ducal family and Emperor William this evening. Afterwards she witnessed a private performance of Wich-ert's comedy, "Toast Festun." The Ger-man Empress has returned to Berlin.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 26.—Miss Marie Wainwright, the well known actress, was

Miss Marie Walnwright III.

Astigmatism, which is the inability to see

Astigmatism, which is the inability to see in Sweepstakes, \$2,000, three-year-olds, mile and an eighth—Robespierre won, Prince Fonso second, Blarney Stone third.

Time—2:02½.

Three-year-olds and over, seven furloogs—Peil Mell won, Jack Cocks second, Lowland Ithird. Time—1:45½.

Mary Anderson and Adelini Patti.

[Special to The Herald—Examiner Dispatch.]

Louisvivve, April 26.—Mary Anderson, in a letter to a friend here, confirms the report of her engagement to Mr. Navarro, and declares she will never again appear on the stage.

Adelini Patti will sail to-day on the Examiner Dispatch.]

Adelini Patti will sail to-day on the Examiner Dispatch. In the stage.

Adelini Patti will sail to-day on the Examiner Dispatch. In the stage and enjoy life in her Welch in the stage and enjoy life in her Welch in the principal cause of defective sight, and by far the most annoying, and is only detected and corrected by a special ist thoroughly acquainted and practiced in the application of the scientific tests. In such cases not only must special lenses be provided, but they must also be mounted just the proper way, as the same lenses fitted any other way will be positively hurtful.

Dr. G. W. Tibbits, the occulist and aurist of the stage.

Adelini Patti will sail to-day on the stage.